

Review- Vectors

Find the magnitude (simplified radical form) and direction angle (in degrees) for each vector. Draw the vector first

1.  $\langle 4, -10 \rangle$

2.  $\langle -5, 1 \rangle$

3.  $-3i - 5j$

4.  $3i - 4j$

5.  $\langle -11, -7 \rangle$

6.  $\langle 6, 12 \rangle$

7. If  $Q = (3, 4)$  and  $R = (-2, 5)$  Find the component form and magnitude of vector  $\overrightarrow{QR}$

**DO ALL PROBLEMS NEATLY ON LINED PAPER.**

**Quick Review**

In Exercises 1 and 2, determine the quadrants containing the terminal side of the angles.

1. (a)  $5\pi/6$                       (b)  $-3\pi/4$   
2. (a)  $-300^\circ$                       (b)  $210^\circ$

In Exercises 3–6, find a positive and a negative angle coterminal with the given angle.

3.  $-\pi/4$                                       4.  $\pi/3$   
5.  $160^\circ$                                       6.  $-120^\circ$

In Exercises 7 and 8, write a standard form equation for the circle.

7. Center  $(3, 0)$  and radius 2  
8. Center  $(0, -4)$  and radius 3

In Exercises 9 and 10, use the Law of Cosines to find the measure of the third side of the given triangle.

